## B. Claims

The following is a complete listing of the claims, and replaces all earlier versions and listings.

- 1-20. (Cancelled)
- 21. (Currently Amended) A polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising a monomer unit of 3-hydroxy-@-[(phenylmethyl)oxy]alkanoic acid expressed by chemical formula (1):

$$\begin{cases} O - CH - CH_2 - C \\ CH_2 \rangle_X \\ O \\ CH_2 \end{cases} X = 1-8$$

$$(1)_A$$

wherein x can be one or more integers within the range shown in the chemical formula (1).

22. (Currently Amended) The polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 21, comprising at least one unit expressed by <u>a chemical formula selected from the group</u> consisting of chemical formulas (2) and (3):

wherein y and z can be one or more integers within the range shown in the chemical formulas (2) and (3), while being independent from the monomer unit expressed by the chemical formula (1).

23. (Currently Amended) The polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 21, comprising simultaneously, in at least a molecule thereof, the monomer of 3-hydroxy-ω-[(phenylmethyl)oxy]alkanoic acid expressed by the chemical formula (1) and a unit expressed by chemical formula (4):

wherein m can be one or more integers within the range shown in the chemical formula (4), and R comprises a residue having either a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure, or a 3-hydroxy-ω-cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit expressed by chemical formula (5):

$$- \left\{ 0 - CH - CH_{2} - C - \right\}$$

$$(CH_{2})k$$

$$k = 0.8$$

$$R_{1}$$
(5)

wherein  $R_1$  is H, CN,  $NO_2$ , halogen,  $CH_3$ ,  $C_2H_5$ ,  $C_3H_7$ ,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_2F_{5_2}$  and  $C_3F_7$ , and k can be one or more integers within the range shown in the chemical formula (5),

wherein R in chemical formula (4), i.e. a residue having either a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure, is at least one group selected from the group consisting of residues

wherein  $R_2$  is H, halogen, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $CH_3$ ,  $C_2H_5$ ,  $C_3H_7$ ,  $CH=CH_2$ ,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_2F_5$ ,  $C_3F_7$ , and  $COOR_{3a}$ —(whereinwhere  $R_3$  represents any one selected from the group consisting of H,  $Na_a$  and K),  $CF_3$ ,  $C_2F_5$ —and  $C_3F_7$ , and in a case where there exist a plurality of units,  $R_2$  may be different for each unit;

wherein  $R_4$  is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $CH_3$ ,  $C_2H_5$ ,  $C_3H_7$ ,  $SCH_3$ ,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_2F_{5_a}$  and  $C_3F_7$ , and in a case where there exist a plurality of units,  $R_4$  may be different for each unit;

wherein  $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub>, and C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub>, and in a case where there exist a plurality of units,  $R_5$  may be different for each unit;

wherein  $R_6$  is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>,  $\underline{CH_3, C_2H_5, C_3H_7, (CH_3)_2\text{-}CH, (CH_3)_3\text{-}C}$ ,  $\underline{COOR_7, and SO_2R_8, (wherein where R_7 represents any one selected from the group consisting of H, Na, K, <math>\underline{CH_3}$ , and  $\underline{C_2H_5}$ , and  $R_8$  represents any one selected from the group consisting of OH, ONa, OK, halogen,  $\underline{OCH_3}$ , and  $\underline{OC_2H_5}$ ,  $\underline{CH_3, C_2H_5, C_3H_7, (CH_3)_2\text{-}CH, and (CH_3)_3\text{-}C}$ , and in a case where there exist a plurality of units,  $R_6$  may be different for each unit;

$$R_9$$
 CH $_2$  -S - (12),

wherein  $R_9$  represents a substituent group on the aromatic ring,  $R_9$  is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C, COOR<sub>10</sub>, and SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>112</sub> (whereinwhere R<sub>10</sub> represents any one selected from the group consisting of H, Na, K, CH<sub>32</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, and R<sub>11</sub> represents any one selected from the group consisting of OH, ONa, OK, halogen, OCH<sub>32</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), CH<sub>37</sub> C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>57</sub> C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>57</sub> C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>77</sub> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH and (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-C, and in a case where there exist a plurality of units, R<sub>9</sub> may be different for each unit;

wherein R<sub>12</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>.

CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C, COOR<sub>13</sub>, and SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>14</sub>, (whereinwhere R<sub>13</sub>

represents any one selected from the group consisting of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub>, and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub>

represents any one selected from the group consisting of OH, ONa, OK, halogen, OCH<sub>3</sub>, and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH and (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C, and in a case where there exist a plurality of units, R<sub>12</sub> may be different for each unit; and

wherein R<sub>15</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>,

<u>CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C.</u> COOR<sub>16</sub>, and SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>174</sub> (whereinwhere R<sub>16</sub>

represents any one selected from the group consisting of H, Na, K, CH<sub>34</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, and R<sub>17</sub>

represents any one selected from the group consisting of OH, ONa, OK, halogen, OCH<sub>34</sub>

and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), CH<sub>37</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>57</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>57</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH and (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C, and in a case where there exist a plurality of units, R<sub>15</sub> may be different for each unit.

24. (Previously Presented) The polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 21, wherein a number average molecular weight is within the range between 1000 and 1000000.

## (Currently Amended) A method for producing a

polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising, in a molecule thereof, a monomer unit of 3-hydroxy-to-[(phenylmethyl)oxylalkanoic acid monomer unit expressed by chemical formula (1):

$$\begin{cases}
O - CH - CH_2 - C \\
CH_2 \rangle_X \\
O \\
CH_2 \qquad X = 1-8
\end{cases}$$
(1)

wherein x can be one or more integers within the range shown in the chemical formula (1), which comprises the method comprising allowing a microorganism with an ability to produce a polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising in a molecule thereof the monomer unit of 3 hydroxy ω {(phenylmethyl)oxylalkanoic acid expressed by chemical formula (1) of one or more strains selected from the group consisting of *Pseudomonas cichorii* YN2 (FERM BP-7375), *Pseudomonas cichorii* H45 (FERM BP-7374), and *Pseudomonas jessenii* P161 (FERM BP-7376) to biosynthesize the polyhydroxyalkanoate from ω-{(phenylmethyl)oxylalkanoic acid expressed by chemical formula (19):

$$CH_2$$
-O-( $CH_2$ )<sub>x</sub>- $CH_2$ - $CH_2$ - $COOH$   
 $X = 1-8$  (19)<sub>x</sub>

wherein x can be one or more integers within the range shown in the

chemical formula (19) as a raw material under a condition, which comprises the co-[(phenylmethyl)oxy]alkanoic acid expressed by the chemical formula (19).

26. (Currently Amended) The method for producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 25, wherein the polyhydroxyalkanoate comprises at least one unit expressed by the following-chemical formulas (2) and (3):

wherein y and z can be one or more integers within the range shown in the chemical formulas (2) and (3), while being independent from the unit expressed by the chemical formula (1).

27. (Previously Presented) The method for producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 25, wherein the ω-[(phenylmethyl)oxy]alkanoic acid expressed by said chemical formula (19) is 4-[(phenylmethyl)oxy]butyric acid expressed by chemical formula (23):

-9-

or 5-[(phenylmethyl)oxy]valeric acid expressed by chemical formula (24):

$$CH_2^-O-(CH_2)_4^-COOH$$
 (24).

## 28. (Currently Amended) The method for producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 25, comprising allowing the microorganism to biosynthesize with an ability to produce a polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising simultaneously, in at least a molecule thereof, the monomer unit of 3-hydroxy-ω-

[(phenylmethyl)oxy]alkanoic acid expressed by chemical formula (1) and

a 3-hydroxy-alkanoic acid unit expressed by chemical formula (22):

wherein m can be one or more integers within the range shown in the chemical formula (22), and  $R_{18}$  comprises a residue having either a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure, or

a\_3-hydroxy-ω-cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit expressed by chemical formula

(5):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & O \\
 & O \\$$

wherein  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of H, CN,  $NO_2$ , halogen,  $CH_3$ ,  $C_2H_5$ ,  $C_3H_7$ ,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_2F_5$  and  $C_3F_7$ , and k can be one or more integers within the range shown in the chemical formula (5),

from  $\omega$ -[(phenylmethyl)oxy]alkanoic acid expressed by the chemical formula (19), and a and

an alkanoic acid expressed by chemical formula (20):

$$R_{16}$$
—(CH<sub>2</sub>)q—CH<sub>2</sub>—CH<sub>2</sub>—C-OH  
q = 1-8 (20)<sub>4</sub>

wherein q can be one or more integers within the range shown in the chemical formula (20), and  $R_{16}$  comprises a residue having either a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure, or

ω-cyclohexylalkanoic acid expressed by chemical formula (21):

$$R_{17}$$
  $CH_{2}$   $CH_{2}$   $CH_{2}$   $CH_{2}$   $CH_{2}$   $CH_{2}$   $CH_{3}$   $CH_{2}$   $CH_{3}$   $CH_{2}$   $CH_{3}$   $C$ 

wherein  $R_{17}$  is selected from the group consisting of  $H, CN, NO_2$ , halogen,  $CH_3, C_2H_5, C_3H_7, CF_3, C_2F_{5_2}$  and  $C_3F_7$ , and r can be one or more integers within the range shown in the chemical formula  $\underline{(21)}$  as raw materials-to-biosynthesize the polyhydroxyalkanoate

under a condition, which comprises ω-[(phenylmethyl)oxy]alkanoic acid expressed by the chemical formula (19), and alkanoic acid expressed by the chemical formula (20) or ω-cyclohexylalkanoic acid expressed by the chemical formula (21),

wherein  $R_{16}$  in chemical formula (20) and  $R_{18}$  in chemical formula (22), i.e. residues having either a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure, are, independently, at least one group selected from the group consisting of residues

wherein  $R_{19}$  is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, CH=CH<sub>2</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>52</sub> and C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub>, and in a case where there exist a plurality of units,  $R_{19}$  may be different for each unit;

wherein  $R_4$  is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $CH_3$ ,  $C_2H_5$ ,  $C_3H_7$ ,  $SCH_3$ ,  $C_5F_5$ , and  $C_3F_7$ , and in a case where there exist a plurality of units,  $R_4$  may be different for each unit;

wherein  $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, CF<sub>5</sub>, and C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub>, and in a case where there exist a plurality of units,  $R_5$  may be different for each unit:

wherein R<sub>6</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>,

<u>CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C.</u> COOR<sub>7</sub>, and SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub>, (whereinwhere R<sub>7</sub> represents
any one selected from the group consisting of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub>, and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, and R<sub>8</sub> represents
any one selected from the group consisting of OH, ONa, OK, halogen, OCH<sub>3</sub>, and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>,

<del>CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>8</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH and (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C, and in a case where there exist a plurality of
units, R<sub>6</sub> may be different for each unit;</del>

$$R_9$$
 CH<sub>2</sub>-S- (12),

 $\label{eq:consisting} wherein R_9 is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN, NO_2, $$$ $\underline{CH_3, C_2H_5, C_3H_7, (CH_3)_2-CH, (CH_3)_2-C_a$$ $COOR_{10}$, and $SO_2R_{11a}$$ $\frac{(whereinwhere}{1000}R_{10})$$ $\frac{CH_3, C_2H_5, C_3H_7, (CH_3)_2-CH, (CH_3)_2-C_a$$ $\frac{COOR_{10}}{1000}$, and $SO_2R_{11a}$$$\frac{(whereinwhere}{1000}R_{10})$$ $\frac{CH_3, C_2H_5, C_3H_7, (CH_3)_2-CH, (CH_3)_2-C_a$$ $\frac{COOR_{10}}{1000}$, and $SO_2R_{11a}$$$\frac{(whereinwhere}{1000}R_{10})$$ $\frac{CH_3, C_3H_7, (CH_3)_2-CH, (CH_3)_2-CH, (CH_3)_2-CH, (CH_3)_2-CH, (CH_3)_3-CH, (CH_3)_3-$ 

represents any one selected from the group consisting of H, Na, K,  $CH_{3a}$  and  $C_2H_5$ , and  $R_{11}$  represents any one selected from the group consisting of OH, ONa, OK, halogen, OCH<sub>3a</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), CH<sub>3r</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5r</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>r</sub>, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> CH and (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> C, and in a case where there exist a plurality of units,  $R_9$  may be different for each unit;

wherein R<sub>12</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>,

<u>CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C, COOR<sub>13</sub>, and SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>14</sub>, (whereinwhere R<sub>13</sub>

represents any one selected from the group consisting of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3a</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub>

represents any one selected from the group consisting of OH, ONa, OK, halogen, OCH<sub>3a</sub></u>

and  $OC_2H_3$ ,  $CH_3$ ,  $C_2H_5$ ,  $C_3H_7$ ,  $(CH_3)_2$  CH and  $(CH_3)_3$  C, and in a case where there exist a plurality of units,  $R_{12}$  may be different for each unit; and

wherein R<sub>15</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>,

<u>CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C.</u> COOR<sub>16</sub>, and SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>174</sub> (whereinwhere R<sub>16</sub>

represents any one selected from the group consisting of H, Na, K, CH<sub>34</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, and R<sub>17</sub>

represents any one selected from the group consisting of OH, ONa, OK, halogen, OCH<sub>34</sub>

and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> CH and (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C, and in a case where there exist a plurality of units, R<sub>15</sub> may be different for each unit.

- 29. (Currently Amended) The method for producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 25, wherein said condition is that said microorganisms the microorganism is cultured in a medium containing the 60-[(phenylmethyl)oxy]alkanoic acid expressed by the chemical formula (19).
- 30. (Currently Amended) The method for producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 28, wherein-comprising culturing the microorganism said condition is that said-microorganism is cultured in a medium containing the ω-[(phenylmethyl)oxylalkanoic acid expressed by the chemical formula (19)

and the alkanoic acid expressed by the chemical formula (20) or the &-cyclohexylalkanoic acid expressed by the chemical formula (21).

- 31. (Currently Amended) The method for producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 29, wherein said medium contains at least one selected from the group consisting of peptides, yeast extract, organic acids or salts thereof, amino acids or salts thereof, saccharides, and straight-chain alkanoic acids, which is-are saturated or unsaturated fatty aeid-acids having 4 to 12 carbon atoms or salts thereof.
- 32. (Currently Amended) The method for producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 31, wherein the peptide is polypeptone; the organic acids or salts thereof are one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of pyruvic acid, oxaloacetic acid, citric acid, isocitric acid, ketoglutaric acid, succinic acid, fumaric acid, malic acid, lactic acid, and salts thereof; the amino acids or salts thereof are one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of glutamic acid, aspartic acid, and salts thereof; and the saccharides are one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of glyceroaldehyde, erythrose, arabinose, xylose, glucose, galactose, mannose, fructose, glycerol, erythritol, xylitol, gluconic acid, glucuronic acid and galacturonic acid, maltose, sucrose, and lactose.
  - (Currently Amended) The method for producing a

polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 29, wherein said culturethe culturing of the microorganisms microorganism comprises two or more culturing steps.

34. (Currently Amended) The method for producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 33, wherein said-the culturing is performed by eulture is a fed-batch culture.

35. (Currently Amended) The method for producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 29, comprising a step of recovering a-the polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising the 3-hydroxy-ω-[(phenylmethyl)oxy]alkanoic acid unit expressed by the chemical formula (1) generated by the microorganism from the cells of the microorganism.

36-37. (Cancelled)